

ALEXYS installation guide LC connection kit, gradient II He



Edition 1, 2005

Symbols

The following pictogram is used in this installation guide:



Caution

General precautions



Execute periodic leak checks on LC tubing and connections. Do not allow flammable and/or toxic solvents to accumulate. Do not close or block drains. Follow a regulated, approved waste disposal program. Never dispose of such products through the municipal sewage system.



Use proper eye and skin protection when working with solvents.



Use of this product outside the scope of this guide may present a hazard.

Spare parts and service availability

Manufacturer provides operational spare parts of instruments and current accessories for a period of five years after shipment of the final production run of the instrument. Spare parts will be available after this five years period on an 'as available' basis.

Manufacturer provides a variety of services to support her customers after warranty expiration. Repair service can be provided on a time and material basis. Contact your local supplier for servicing. Technical support and training can be provided by qualified chemists on both contractual or as-needed basis.

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Table of contents

Symbols 1

General precautions 1

Spare parts and service availability 2

Installation guide 4

Introduction 4

Unpacking 5

Tools 5

Schematic drawing of all ALEXYS LC connections 6

Installation procedure 7

Passivation procedure 18

Accessories 19

Operating instructions Whatman IFD 21

Specifications 21

Operating instructions 22

Filter installation and priming 23

Trouble shooting 24

CHAPTER 1

Installation guide

Introduction

The LC connection kit gradient II He (p/n 180.0154) is a tailor-made kit containing all tubing assemblies to make the necessary LC connections in a complete ALEXYS 100 LC-EC system. This procedure specifically describes the installation of these assemblies. It is assumed that:

Equipment has been unpacked and checklists are verified Installation procedure of ALEXYS is followed as described in manuals in order: OR 100, AC 100, LC 100, AS 100 and DECADE II.

Follow the installation instructions in the ALEXYS installation checklist and user manuals and keep this document at hand. Sections describing installation of liquid tubing are referring to this document.

Table I. User manuals of the ALEXYS 100 LC-EC system components.

Order	Part no.	User manual
	185.0010	ALEXYS data system
1	184.0010	OR 100 organizer rack
2	183.0010	AC 100 acquisition controller
3	182.0010	LC 100 pump
4	181.0010	AS 100 auto sampler
5	171.0010	DECADE II

Before complete installation, it is advised to passivate all metal parts in the HPLC system (for procedure see page 18).

For optimal performance all metal parts in the system should be passivated with a 15% nitric acid solution for 20 minutes.

Unpacking

Inspect the *transport box* for possible damage as it arrives. Immediately inform the transport company in case of damage, otherwise she may not accept any responsibility. Keep the transport box as it is designed for optimum protection during transport and it may be needed again. Carefully unpack the instrument and inspect it for completeness and possible damage. Contact your supplier in case of damage or if not all marked items on the checklist are included.

Prior to shipment, your ALEXYS LC connection kit has been inspected and tested to ensure the best possible performance.

Tools

The following tool is necessary for the installation of the LC connection kit:



Figure 1 5/16" - 1/4" wrench.

6

Schematic drawing of all ALEXYS LC connections

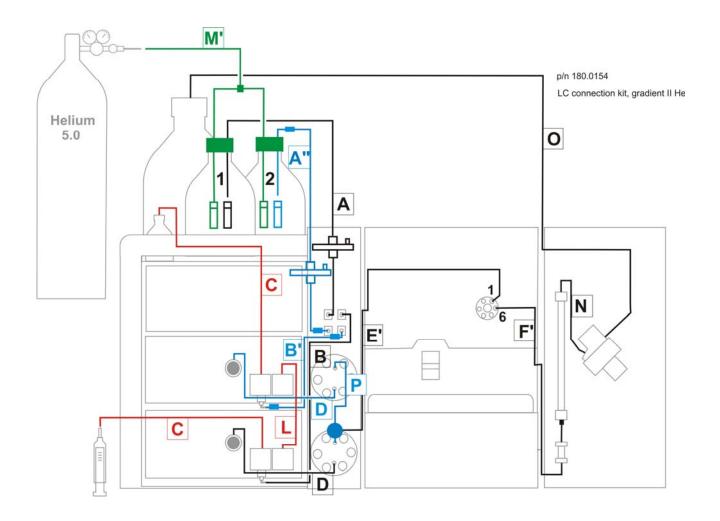


Figure 2 Schematic drawing of all LC connections available in the LC connection kit, gradient II He (except for part 250.1080, ALC-5 guard column). For identification each individual assembly has a vinyl label with letter code (A - M) attached.

Installation procedure

The installation procedure consists of the following steps:

1. <u>Assembly M'</u>, Helium sparging line assembly -2 (p/n 180.0223): Assembly M' consists of two special blue bottle caps (one for each eluent bottle) with three tubing inlets. One inlet is sealed with a PEEK closing cap, the second inlet has a helium sparging line connected and the third inlet is reserved for the mobile phase line (assembly A or A"). Connect the open ended 1/8" FEP tubing attached to the T-piece to the pressure regulator of a Helium 5.0 gas cylinder. NOTE: The connector to fit the tubing to the pressure regulator is NOT provided, because this type of connector is dependent on the type of regulator used.

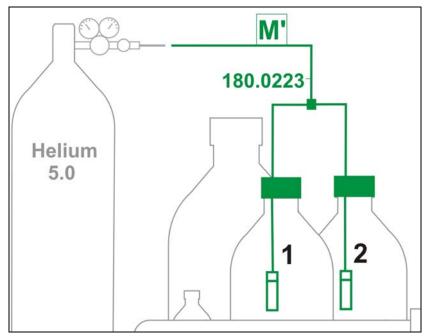


Figure 3. Assembly M': Helium sparging assembly -2. Connection between pressure regulator of He bottle – He sparging filter.

After connection of all tubing (see also section 2 for connection of the mobile phase inlet tubing) the closing cap should be placed onto the 2.5 L plastic mobile phase bottle provided in the ALEXYS bottle kit.



Do not use glass bottles in case of alkaline mobile phases (such as NaOH or KOH). Glass is not suitable for storage of alkaline mobile phases, it will etched the glass surface which can result in the release of silicates in the mobile phase.

For instructions about the preparation of carbonate-free alkaline mobile phases, refer to the application note 220.002, which can be found on www.antecleyden.com.

 Assemblies A and A", OR 100 degasser inlet assembly (p/n 180.0204 and 180.0203, respectively) with additional 2,5 μm PTFE filter/sparger (p/n 250.1720): Two assemblies A and A" are provided consisting of two pieces of FEP tubing and a 0.2 μm IFD in-line filter. For pre-filtering of the mobile phases two additional 2.5 μm PTFE filter (p/n 50.1720) are available in the LC connection kit.

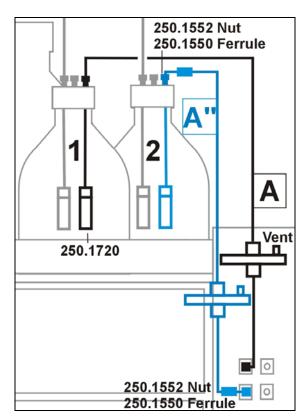


Figure 4. Assemblies A & A": Connection between bottle – degasser

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Execute the following steps to fix the mobile phase inlet tubing in the bottle cap (refer to figure 4):

- Place nut and ferrule (p/n 250.1550 and 250.1552) over the FEP inlet tubing.
- Guide the end of the inlet tubing through the available hole in the bottle cap.
- Fix the inlet tubing in the bottle cap using nut and ferrule.
- Connect the 2.5 μm pre-filter to the end of the FEP inlet tubing.

Place the mobile phase inlet and Helium sparger in the mobile phase bottle and tighten the bottle cap.

Open the filter (vent) and draw the mobile phase through the tubing using a syringe until the filter is completely wetted and the upper compartment is air bubble free. Close the vent. Connect the syringe to the outlet tubing and gently draw the plunger to fill the outlet tubing with solvent. Remove the syringe and hold the outlet tubing well below the liquid level in the mobile phase bottle. The outlet tubing should spontaneously siphon solvent. If this is not the case consult the trouble-shooting section in chapter 3.



For detailed operating instructions of the Whatman IFD in-line filters see chapter 3 in this installation guide.

When all tubing is filled with mobile phase connect the outlet to the inlet of the degasser using the supplied nut and ferrule as depicted in figure 5.

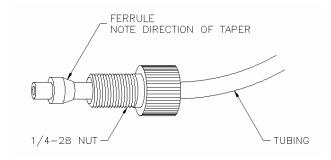


Figure 5. Configuration of 1/4-28 Nut, Ferrule and Tubing.

3. Assemblies B and B', OR 100 degasser outlet assembly (p/n 180.0206 and 180.0207, respectively): For the LC connections between the degasser and the pumps the assemblies B and B' are provided.

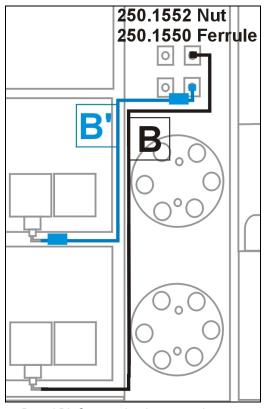


Figure 6. B and B': Connection between degasser – pump.

Connect the end of the FEP tubing without label ("LC 100 side") to the degasser output using the supplied nut and ferrule (Fig. 6 p/n 250.1552 and 250.1550). Connect the other end of the tubing to the low-pressure inlet of the pump (bended metal tubing on bottom of pump head). Apply force to push the FEP tubing all the way up the bended metal tubing. Otherwise leakage will occur at this point! Assembly B' has two blue labels for identification purposes. Assembly B" should be used for the delivery of the solvent to pump 2. For priming instructions of the pump please consult the manual of the LC 100 (p/n 182.0010).



Never <u>push</u> the solvent through the channel of the degasser.

 Assembly C, LC 100 piston back flush assembly (p/n 180.0208) and Assembly L, Piston back flush interconnection (p/n 180.0209): Connect the two pieces of 1/16" FEP tubing (C) to the piston wash connections on top of the pump heads on the left side. Use the supplied stainless steel nuts and ferrules (p/n 250.1564 and 250.1562).

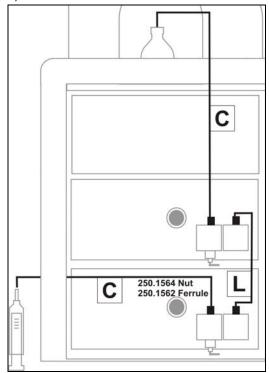


Figure 7. Assemblies C & L: Connection of piston wash of the two LC 100 pumps.

Place one tubing end in the bottle with wash solvent as depicted in figure 7. Connect the syringe (p/n 182.0408) supplied in the LC 100 ship kit to the other tubing. Install the interconnection tubing (L) and fill the piston wash with wash solvent by withdrawal of the syringe.

5. **Assembly D**, OR 100 pulse damper inlet assembly (p/n 180.0210): For both pumps an assembly D is provided. Connect the pre-shaped stainless steel tubing to the high-pressure outlet of the pump and the inlet of the pulse damper with the supplied nuts and ferrules (p/n 250.1564 and 250.1562).

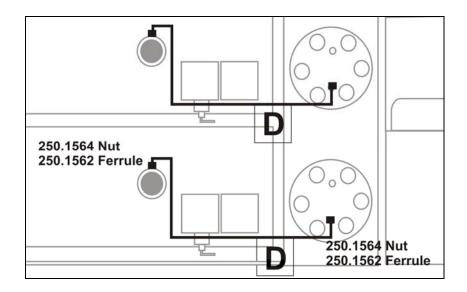


Figure 8. Assembly D: Connection between pump – pulse damper.

6. **Assembly P**, OR 100 gradient mixer assembly (p/n 180.0228):

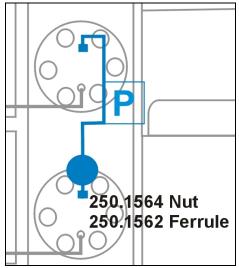


Figure 9. Assy M: Connection between pulse dampers (mixing-T).

Assembly M consist of a stainless steel mixing-T and two pieces of stainless steel tubing to connect to the OR 100 pulse dampers. Connect the longest stainless steel tubing, attached to the mixing-T, to the outlet of the upper pulse damper as depicted in figure 9. To connect the tubing use parts 250.1562 and 250.1564. Connect the shortest tubing side of assembly M to the outlet of the lower pulse damper using the same type of nuts and ferrules.

7. <u>Assembly E'</u>, OR 100 pulse damper outlet assembly (p/n 180.0213): Connect the pre-shaped stainless steel tubing to the available port on the mixing-T as depicted in figure 10. Connect the other side of the tubing to port 1 of the AS 100 injection valve. For both connections a set of nuts and ferrules is supplied (250.1558 and 250.1560).

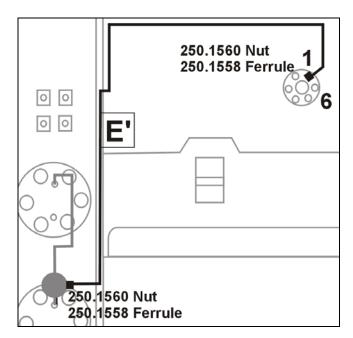


Figure 10. Assy E: Connection between pulse damper – AS 100.

Note the auto sampler valve and mixing-T have Valco-type ports and the pulse damper and pump SSI-type ports. Use parts 250.1562 and 250.1564 to make connections to pulse damper and pump. For connections on the injector and mixing-T always use parts 250.1558 and 250.1560.



Making a tubing connection with the wrong type of nut and ferrule can damage the port or result in large dead volumes

8. Assembly F', AS 100 outlet assembly to guard column (p/n 180.0215): Connect the PEEK tubing to port 6 of the auto sampler using the supplied PEEK finger tights (p/n 250.1570). Guide the tubing via the metal tubing holder of the AS 100 to the DECADE II. Guide the tubing through the lower tubing entrance in the DECADE II. Subsequently connect the tubing end to the inlet of the ALC-5 guard column (p/n 250.1082) using one of the fingertight connector supplied with the column. Consult the "instruction for use" document (p/n 250. 3017) for proper installation of the ALC-5 guard column.

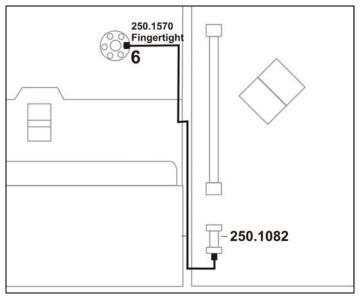


Figure 11. Assembly F': Connection between AS 100 – guard column.

9. <u>ALC-5 guard column</u>, connection between guard and analytical column (p/n 250.1082 and 250.1570): The ALC-5 guard column starter kit consist of one cartridge holder, two column cartridges, 2 fingertights and a 5 cm long PEEK tubing. Connect the 5 cm long PEEK tubing to the guard column using the supplied fingertight. Subsequently, connect the other end of the PEEK tubing to the analytical column using the fingertight (p/n 250.1570) supplied in the LC connection kit.

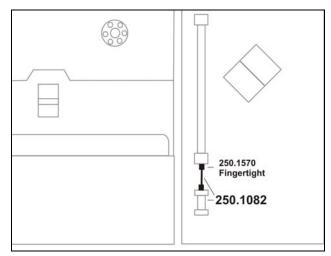


Figure 12. Connection between ALC-5 guard - analytical column.

10. Assembly N, DECADE II inlet assembly, Flexcell (p/n 180.0224): Connect one end of the PEEK tubing to the outlet of the HPLC column using the PEEK finger tight (p/n 250.1570).

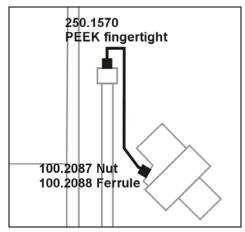


Figure 13. Assembly N: Connection between column – Flexcell.

Connect the other end of the tubing to the Flexcell using the supplied nut and ferrule (p/n 100.2087 and 100.2088).

Detailed information about the installation of the flow cell can be found in the manual of the DECADE II (p/n 171.0010).

11. Assemby O, DECADE II outlet assembly, Flexcell (180.0226): Push the PTFE tubing over the metal outlet tube of the Flexcell. Advice: hold the PTFE tubing with a small piece of sand paper to get a firm grip. Guide the PTFE tubing through the tubing hole in the DECADE II, and insert the end of the tubing into the waste bottle.

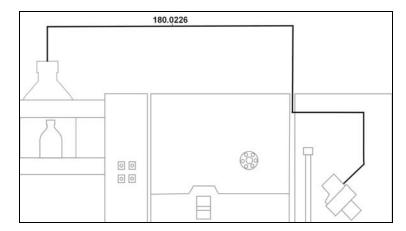


Figure 14. Assembly O: Connection between Flexcell – waste bottle (p/n 180.0218).

This completes the installation of all tubing and connectors of the ALEXYS 100 LC-EC 100 kit. After successful installation a number of parts in the individual ship kits will be superfluous.

For reference all tubing dimensions of the assemblies in the LC connection kit are listen in the table below:

Table II. Tubing dimensions and material.

Assembly	Material	I.D. (Inch)	O.D (Inch)
А	FEP	1/16	1/8
A"	FEP	1/16	1/8
В	FEP	1/16	1/8
B'	FEP	1/16	1/8
С	FEP	0.03	1/16
L	FEP	0.03	1/16
D	Stainless steel	0.02	1/16
E'	Stainless steel	0.02	1/16
N	PEEK (Blue)	0.01	1/16
Ο	PTFE	0.03	1/16
M'	FEP	1/16	1/8
Р	Stainless steel	0.02	1/16

Passivation procedure

For optimal performance all metal parts in the system should preferably be passivated with a 15% nitric acid solution for 20 minutes.



Make sure that all parts that are not acid-resistant such as: nylon inlet filters, column and flow cell are not connected during this step.

Make the connections as depicted in figure 15. Note that the connections are shown for only one pump in the set-up. The acid should be flushed through the pump, the pump tubing, the dampener, the injector (in load and inject position) and to waste. After flushing with nitric acid, the system must be thoroughly flushed. with demi-water. Make sure that no traces of nitric acid are left in the tubing or pulse dampener (check with pH paper).

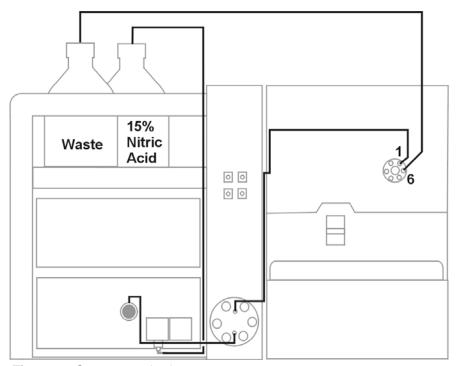


Figure 15. System passivation.

CHAPTER 2

Accessories

The LC connection kit is shipped with a number of parts. The listing in the table below may not be complete, see checklist of delivery for complete listing.

Table III. Accessories LC connection kit.

Part no	Description	Assembly
180.0204	OR 100 degasser inlet assembly	Α
180.0206	OR 100 degasser outlet assembly	В
180.0208	LC 100 piston back flush assembly	С
180.0209	Piston back flush interconnection	L
180.0210	OR 100 pulse damper inlet assembly	D
180.0213	OR 100 pulse damper outlet assembly	E'
180.0215	AS 100 outlet assembly (to guard column)	F'
180.0222	Helium sparging line assembly -2	M'
180.0224	DECADE II inlet assembly (Flexcell)	N
180.0226	DECADE II outlet assembly (Flexcell)	Ο
180.0228	OR 100 gradient mixer assembly	Р

CHAPTER 3

Operating instructions Whatman IFD

Specifications

The information listed below is compiled from the original Whatman data sheet (reference number 90600A):

Table III. Specifications of Whatman AQUEOUS IFD Disposable Filters.

Parameter	Specification
Dimensions:	53 mm (2.1 in.) x 44.5mm (1.75 in.)
Weight:	11.5 grams (20 grams with ferrule nuts)
Filtration Area:	16 cm ²
Maximum Pressure:	
Housing Burst	4.1 bar (60 psi)
Operating	2.1 bar (30 psi)
Housing	Polypropylene
Vent	On Inlet with Luer Lock Cap
Volume "Hold Up"	Full housing 1.0 ml, with Air Purge < 0.1 ml
Filter Media	Nylon
Flow Direction	Flow should enter from the inlet
Operating Flow Rate	< 2.5 mL/min
Connectors	5/16-24 Threads + 1/18" O.D. Ferrule Nuts
Biosafe	All Materials Pass USP Class VI

Table IV. Chemical compatibility summary*.

Classes of Substances 20°C	Polypropylenel/Nylon Guide for use		
Acids, dilute	Usable		
Acids, concentrated	Not usable		
Alcohols (selected)	Usable		
Aldehydes	Not usable		
Bases	Usable		
Esters	Short term use		
Hydrocarbons, aromatic	Not usable		
Hydrocarbons, halogenated	Short term use		
(selected)			
Ketones	Not usable		

^{*)} This chemical compatibility chart is intended as a general guide only. This guide has been compiled from results of inhouse studies, material supplier

studies and currently available technical literature. Because of solvent condition variabilities, which may exist from lab to lab, component compatibility cannot be guaranteed. In order to verify chemical compatibility, studies on individual chemicals of interest should be undertaken.

The AQUEOUS IFD, product number 6726-5002A, is designed to work with aqueous mobile phases. Whatman recommends the SOLVENT IFD product number 6725-5002A for organically based mobile phases (organic modifier concentrations > 30%).

Operating instructions

Safety: Considering the special factors of your application consult the table of Technical Data to determine the correctness of use. Do not exceed the pressure, temperature or chemical compatibility recommendations.



High pressures are easily obtained when using syringes. Care should be taken not to exceed the recommended pressures. Hold the filter to the syringe when pressure is applied to prevent disengaging the filter from the syringe. This could occur if excessive pressure is applied.

Filter Media Considerations: The 0.2 µm nylon membrane filter media provides an excellent means of filtering aqueous based HPLC mobile phases. It provides high flow rates and throughput. For specific solutions see the Chemical Cornpatibility Summary. "Wetted" media will not allow gas to easily pass through the media. The pressure required for gas to pass through wetted media (bubble point) is dependent on the media's pore size. Air entrained on the upstream side of wetted media blocks the flow path and reduces or stops flow.

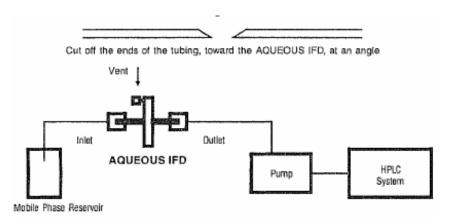


Figure 13 Schematic drawing of filter Installation in HPLC set-up.

Filter installation and priming

- Establish continuous, bubble free flow from mobile phase reservoir to pump by aspirating with a syringe through the pump bleed valve.
- Cut, at an angle, an appropriate length of 118" O.D. tubing to reach comfortably from the mobile phase reservoir to the inlet of the AQUEOUS IFD. Slide a ferrule nut over the cut tubing.
 Connect tubing to the inlet of the AQUEOUS IFD, angled end toward the AQUEOUS IFD, by tightening the nut firmly.



Gently insert cutted tubing ends into filter to prevent damage of the filter media.

- 3. Plug the inlet tubing, or seal the end by attaching and clamping off a short length of flexible tubing.
- 4. Fill a 10 ml syringe with the mobile phase, remove vent cap and secure the syringe to the vent.
- With outlet pointed up SLOWLY push the syringe plunger completely wetting out the filter media and filling the AQUEOUS IFD housing.
- 6. Connect outlet to 1/18" 0.D. pump inlet tubing (cut at an angle) with a ferrule nut, as in step 2.
- 7. Unplug or unclamp AQUEOUS IFD inlet tubing and place it in the mobile phase reservoir.
- Making sure the vent is on the upper side of the AQUEOUS IFD, fill the tubing leading to the mobile phase reservoir by pushing slowly on the syringe plunger.
- Slowly pull on the syringe plunger to withdraw a few ml of the mobile phase into the syringe. Note: This should remove any remaining entrapped air from the inlet side of the AQUEOUS IFD housing.
- Maintaining the AQUEOUS IFD at the same level as the mobile phase in the reservoir, remove the syringe and replace the vent cap on the vent.
- 11. Pump mobile phase through system, bypassing the column, for 15 minutes to purge any remaining entrapped air in the tubing between the AQUEOUS IFD and the pump.

Trouble shooting

- To check the AQUEOUS IFD connections for air tightness: plug the tubing at the mobile phase reservoir. Remove vent cap and secure an empty syringe to the vent. Pull back on the plunger. If there are any air leaks, air bubbles will be observed.
- 2. Air present in the inlet side of the AQUEOUS IFD during operation: The air may be evacuated by holding the AQUEOUS IFD level with the mobile phase in the mobile phase reservoir, removing the vent cap, securing an empty syringe to the vent and pulling back on the syringe plunger. Then remove the syringe and replace the vent cap. Normally a small bubble of air will remain in the vent. This will not interfere with mobile phase flow.
- Trouble with priming: Follow steps 7 through 10 exactly. Check for mobile phase leaks and or air leaks (bubbles), step 1 of Trouble Shooting section.
- 4. No flow immediately after Installation:
 - a. Check for air blocking the inlet side of the AQUEOUS IFD by repeating steps 7 through 10.
 - b. To determine if the mobile phase is flowing from the mobile phase reservoir to the inlet side of the AQUEOUS IFD; secure a syringe filled with mobile phase to the vent and push the syringe plunger. Mobile phase should flow back from the AQUEOUS IFD to the mobile phase reservoir with a small amount of pressure on the syringe plunger.
 - c. To determine if the mobile phase is flowing through the AQUEOUS IFD to the pump; plug the tubing to the mobile phase reservoir, secure a syringe filled with mobile phase to the vent and push the syringe plunger. mobile phase should flow easily through the AQUEOUS IFD and the tubing to the pump.
- Slow or no flow after use: Check for air blockage and clear any entrapped air by following steps 7 through 10. If problem persists, the AQUEOUS IFD is probably clogged with particulates and should be replaced.
- Air appears to be passing through the AQUEOUS IFD: Check for air leaks by following Trouble Shooting step 1. If no air leaks are observed on the outlet side, replace the AQUEOUS IFD, the media may have ruptured. Operating Considerations: Proper

- operation of the system requires flow rates of < 2.5 ml/min. The filter unit should always be changed when changing from one mobile phase to another.
- 7. Integrity Testing: Bubble Point (BP) Test: Flush filter with 10 ml or more of an appropriate solution. After the media is completely wet, with outlet pointed upward, apply air under controlled pressure to the inlet until air breaks through the media and bubbles from the outlet. The pressure where air begins to pass through the media is the BP.